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## **Two Day Audit Protocol**

Manufacturer

Version: 2.5

## Contents

<b>Contents</b> .....	<b>2</b>
<b>Preface</b> .....	<b>3</b>
<b>Compliance with Legislation &amp; CDM Regulations</b> .....	<b>3</b>
<b>Auditor application of the guidance notes</b> .....	<b>3</b>
<b>PAS 91 Compliance and alignment</b> .....	<b>3</b>
<b>Assessment Requirements</b> .....	<b>4</b>
<b>1. Management Controls</b> .....	<b>4</b>
<b>2. Legislation and Other Requirements Compliance</b> .....	<b>8</b>
<b>3. Quality Management Controls</b> .....	<b>11</b>
<b>4. Product and Raw Materials Management</b> .....	<b>14</b>
<b>5. Training and Competence</b> .....	<b>16</b>
<b>6. Social &amp; Ethical Behaviour</b> .....	<b>18</b>
<b>7. Sustainability</b> .....	<b>21</b>
<b>8. Supply Chain Management</b> .....	<b>23</b>
<b>9. Emergency Preparedness and Site Security</b> .....	<b>25</b>
<b>Appendix A. Categorisation of Findings</b> .....	<b>27</b>
<b>Appendix B. Reference Legislation, Regulations and Best Practice Guidance</b> ...	<b>28</b>
<b>Issue Record and Copyright</b> .....	<b>31</b>

## Preface

This document contains the Core Audit Module by which BuildingConfidence members will measure their supply chain. The principle constituents of this process are the verification and assessment of the management systems used by the supply chain; looking at both the quality and applicability of these systems.

The Core Audit Module is intended to verify information submitted at the prequalification (PQQ) stage and to assess additional areas of compliance. Auditors and auditees will be required to familiarise themselves with the information supplied at the prequalification stage prior to the audit commencing.

**Please note that all text in green is either new or revised as part of the reissue process of the protocol.**

## Compliance with Legislation & CDM Regulations

Please note that questions marked with an “L” denote there is a legislative compliance requirement supporting all or part of the question. Questions marked with a “CDM” denote there is a specific requirement against the Construction (Design and Management) Regulations. Questions without legislative or specific CDM requirements are left blank

<b>CDM</b>	Legislative requirement against the CDM Regulations
<b>L</b>	Legislative requirement other than the CDM Regulations

## Auditor application of the guidance notes

The bullet-pointed guidance notes are provided to assist auditor and auditee to provide consistency across the scheme. The auditor may apply whichever of these points they see fit to assure themselves that the suitable controls are in place for the activity of the organisation being audited.

Each question has been assigned a unique identifying number; e.g. MC.1.1 = MC (audit section).1 (audit question).1 (audit question guidance). Therefore, the numbering may not appear in order or consecutive

## PAS 91 Compliance and alignment

This protocol has been reviewed to ensure that it at least aligns with the requirements of PAS91; Organisations accredited to the BuildingConfidence standard can have confidence that they are also aligned with these principles.

## Assessment Requirements

### 1. Management Controls

#### 1.1 (MC.1.1) - What is the Organisation's capability and geographical area of operation?

Please note that this is a scoping question to assist the audit to collate information for Introductions and assess accuracy against the Pre-Qualifying Questionnaire

**Guidance:**

- *Company House / Charity Registration numbers to be included within the scope of the audit.*
- *The type of activities to be audited.*
- *What do you consider to be your standard and specialist areas of expertise*
- *What is the geographical scope of the Organisation*
- *The geographical locations to be included within the scope*
- *What are size, number of personnel and types of facility to be included within the scope*
- *Does the same management system operate across all its offices within the scope of the audit?*
- *Does the Organisation work on construction works sites*
- *What activities under the Construction (Design and Management) Regulations (CDM) do they undertake? (if applicable)*
- *Does the Organisation:*
  1. *Assume the responsibilities of Designer under the CDM Regulations*
  2. *Undertake Permanent Design responsibility but utilises third parties for design delivery*
  3. *Provide small scale design solutions via CDP packages*
  4. *Provide temporary works design*
  5. *Work to drawings provided by Principal Contractors/Designers*
- *Have there been any changes since the PQQ was submitted?*
- *Are the insurance levels unaltered and up to date?*
- *Are there any limitations identified within the insurance?*
- *Is the Organisation working or seeking to work for the nuclear/ defence industries?*

#### 1.2 (MC.2.1) How does the Organisation issue and control its company policies? L

**Guidance:**

- *The following Policies have been published (where applicable):*
  1. *Health & Safety*
  2. *Environment*
  3. *Quality*
  4. *Sustainable Timber Procurement Policy*
  5. *Equal Opportunities Policy*
  6. *Anti-Bribery, Corruption, Fraud and Malpractice Policy*
  7. *Ethical Code of Conduct or Policy (Corporate Social Responsibility)*
  8. *'Worksafe' Policy – right to refuse to work under health & safety concerns*
  9. *Security Policy for permanent and peripatetic sites*
- *What is the process for reviewing policies and who is involved in the review?*
- *Are the HSEQ and Sustainable Timber (where applicable) Policies reviewed annually?*
- *Are they signed by the Senior Manager responsible for that area?*
- *Does the Health & Safety Policy state that Health & Safety should never be compromised for other objectives?*
- *Do the HSEQ policies include a statement on continual improvement?*
- *Where the policies are displayed (incl. websites)?*
- *Are the policies briefed to personnel?*

### 1.3 (MC.3.1) How does the Organisation communicate its corporate culture and objectives?

**Guidance:**

- What are the processes for communicating information to:
  - a) Personnel, including contracted personnel
  - b) Clients
  - c) Statutory or other interested third parties
- Is the Organisation signed up to the Strategic Forum for Construction's Health & Safety Code or equivalent (if applicable)
- Can the Organisation show proof of supporting industry initiatives, such as "Constructing Better Health"

### 1.4 (MC.4.1) How does the Organisation clarify its management structure and responsibilities? L

**Guidance:**

- *Is the management structure defined*
- *Job descriptions and deputising arrangements defined (SQEP roles, if applicable)*
- *If there are different structures on projects how this relates to the overall hierarchy. (if applicable)*
- *Are there designated responsibilities for the following:*
  1. *Health & safety*
  2. *Occupational health*
  3. *Accident reporting under RIDDOR*
  4. *Quality (incl. Quality Control)*
  5. *Environment and sustainability*
  6. *Compliance with the CDM Regulations (if applicable)*
  7. *Design (including temporary works)*
  8. *Compliance with anti-bribery and corruption law and policies*
  9. *Training & competence*
  10. *Supply chain*
  11. *Corporate social responsibility*
  12. *Business continuity and emergency planning (incl. Fire)*
  13. *Facilities management*
  14. *Workplace security*
- *Project Level Requirements (if applicable):*
  1. *Fire Safety*
  2. *Supply Chain Management*
  3. *Delivery of temporary works*
  4. *Site Security and emergency planning (if different from above)*
  5. *Accident Reporting under RIDDOR (if different from above)*

### 1.5 (MC.5.1) How does the Organisation assure itself and its clients that it has control of its activities? L

**Guidance:**

- *Does the organisation have arrangements to control the following:*
  1. *Health & safety*
  2. *Quality*
  3. *Environment*
  4. *Training and competence**(e.g. Policy, Risk and Impact Assessments, Procedures, Aspects & Impacts Register, Register of Legislation etc.)*
- *Are there controls to manage contractual issues with the client and supply chain*
- *Does the Organisation have written standard operating procedures*
- *Does the Organisation have processes in place to deliver/manage design, including temporary works (if applicable)*
- *Are these systems available and controlled at the point of production/ installation/ use*
- *Are systems in place to communicate with interested/ affected parties?*

## 1.6 (MC.6.1) Are the Organisation's arrangements independently verified by external audit regimes? L

### Guidance:

- That preferably the Organisation's management systems should be certificated to the latest versions of standards of ISO 9001, ISO 14001 and OHSAS 18001, with certification being issued by a UKAS (or equivalent) accredited Organisation.
- Does the scope cover the work to be undertaken? i.e. not just offices (If applicable)
- The Organisation has timber chain of custody certification (FSC, PEFC etc.) (if applicable)
- Client certification/ accreditation/ 3<sup>rd</sup>-party audit results (if applicable)

\*Auditor Note: The most recent 3rd party surveillance reports should be reviewed to establish that no significant shortfalls were identified that could import unacceptable risk to clients and the general public.

## 1.7 (MC.7.1) How does the Organisation control its documents? L

### Guidance:

- The organisation has a Document Control Procedure that identifies the key documents requiring control, How documents are reviewed and changes identified.
  1. How documents are issued and reach their point of use; in particular multi-site operations.
  2. There is a process for identifying documentation with expiry dates
  3. The process for cancelled and superseded documentation.
  4. Archiving processes
  5. A master list of controlled documents and their status is maintained.
- How does the Organisation ensure that records and associated documentation is maintained, available for verification, yet secure?
- Process to ensure that client document issue/ handover requirements are met

## 1.8 (MC.8.1) How does the Organisation monitor its performance? L

### Guidance:

- How is health & safety, environmental and quality performance formally monitored and reviewed?
- How does the Organisation ensure that it is meeting its contractual and programme delivery requirements
- How is progress against objectives and targets communicated both internally and externally?
- Does the Organisation produce and analyse accident and incident Statistics?
- Does the organisation produce regular reports detailing accidents, incidents and dangerous occurrences statistics? Are these reports available?
- Does the Organisation have evidence of lessons learned being used for improvement of processes?
- Does the Organisation undertake staff satisfaction surveys?
- Does the Organisation review the levels and potential causes of staff turnover/ sickness absence?

### KPI's

- Does the Organisation monitor their performance against set Key Performance Indicators (KPI's), such as: (as applicable)
  1. client satisfaction
  2. ecological,
  3. community,
  4. economic,
  5. sustainability (material, water, energy use and embodied carbon)
  6. waste arisings,
- Do the Organisation's KPI scopes include offices and/or peripatetic sites (if applicable)?
- Has the Organisation based its KPI objectives on the best practice (ISO supporting information, Constructing Excellence advice)
- Does the Organisation use recognised levels of performance BREEAM, Carbon Buzz, WRAP's Halving Waste to Landfill Commitment etc.)
- Does the Organisation have evidence of corrective action in response to performance indicators not being met?

*Internal Audit*

- *That the management systems are assessed internally on a regular basis by objective, competent personnel.*
- *That a documented audit schedule is prepared.*
- *That internal audit reports are available.*
- *That corrective actions raised through the internal audit process are reviewed by management and that the Organisation has a managed process for the control of corrective actions.*
- *Auditor to check whether there has been any demonstrated improvements*

## 2. Legislation and Other Requirements Compliance

### 2.1 (LC.1.1) How does the Organisation ensure that it is: L

#### a) Aware existing legislation relevant to its activities

#### b) Aware of proposed changes to/ new legislation?

##### Guidance:

- How the organisation accesses and reviews legislation and regulations, including:
  1. Health & Safety
  2. Environment (including waste)
  3. Employment Law
  4. Anti-bribery and corruption law
  5. Competition Law
- Does the Organisation have a mechanism to maintain a register of applicable Legislation?  
*Auditor Note: record the methodology used and how changes are dealt with & managed. This should include frequency of review.*
- If consultants are used, how does the outside party communicate requirements/ changes?
- Has the Organisation been prosecuted (or had notices issued) within the last five years for either a health & safety or an environmental offence?
- Have any statutory bodies made any written allegations or complaints within the last five years that your organisation may have infringed Competition Law and which have led to an internal enquiry or investigation?
- Has the Organisation (or any of its directors, senior officers or senior managers) been investigated, prosecuted, convicted, or been the subject of other enforcement action taken within the last five years for bribery or corruption offences?
- Has the Organisation entered into any kind of civil settlement within the last five years with regulatory authorities in relation to acts of acts of bribery and corruption
- Does the Organisation have the processes in place to comply with Waste Legislation (SWMP, Duty of Care, Waste Transfer Licenses and consignment notes, European Waste Coding)
- Assess compliance with IPPC processes (if applicable).

### 2.2 (LC.2.2) How does the Organisation ensure that they comply with: the requirements of H&S Legislation, their related Regulations and Best Practice Guidance? L

##### Guidance:

- What actions does the Organisation undertake to reinforce the correct behaviours/ attitudes towards Health & Safety and Environmental issues (Don't walk by/ Zero Harm etc. by Principal Contractors)
- That PPE is provided free of charge to own employees and there are arrangements for issue at induction and following loss or damage. (if applicable)
- The arrangements for monitoring use of PPE. (if applicable)

### 2.3 (LC.4.1) How does the Organisation ensure that they comply with Quality Requirements and Best Practice Standards? L

##### Guidance:

- Does the Organisation have accesses to National and International Standards?
- How does the Organisation ensure that its activities will allow compliance to Building Regulations?
- Does the Organisation have evidence of changes to standards being implemented (e.g. BS Structural Design Codes being transferred to Euro codes)



## 2.4 (LC.5.1) How does the Organisation identify and control its risks/impacts and opportunities? L

### Guidance:

- *That the production of health & safety risk (incl. occupational health) and environmental impact assessments are formally documented within the Organisation's management system.*
- *Does the Organisation retain a register of its environmental aspects and impacts appropriate to the scope of its services/products*
- *The responsibility for compiling and authorising the risk/impact assessments.*
- *Defined the minimum competency for personnel authorised to compile risk/aspect assessments*
- *Whether risk/aspect assessments are generic to the Organisation's scope of operations or unique to each particular contract.*
- *Are assessments of a safe working environment supported by temporary works made, even if they are not the direct responsibility of the contractor.*
- *How the Organisation ensures that all applicable site issues are incorporated into the relevant risk/impact assessments. (Limitations of size, gradient, climate, time the activity is to be completed, Noise, light, deliveries etc.)*
- *How risk/impact assessments are communicated to staff, clients and Organisations/subcontractors.*
- *That a record of risk/aspect assessment briefing is retained.*
- *That where method statements are produced, are risk assessments incorporated or referenced.*
- *Periodic reviews of risk/aspect assessments are undertaken*
- *Are Manual Handling, DSE, Lifting Operations assessments are undertaken (as applicable)*
- *Are Site Inspections undertaken to ensure controls are maintained?*
- *How does Organisation consult with employees and subcontractors regarding Health and Safety (Method Statement Briefings etc.)*

## 2.5 (LC.10.1) What are the Organisations arrangements for the issuing, checking and monitoring of Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)? L

### Guidance:

- *What arrangements are in place for the issue/ re-issue of PPE?*
- *Is PPE is provided free of charge to own employees.*
- *PPE is called up where applicable in the risk assessment processes?*
- *What PPE provisions are made for temporary, contract personnel or other visitors?*
- *Is training and guidance provided for its correct use, maintenance and storage?*

## 2.6 (LC.11.3) How does the Organisation ensure it identifies and controls the effects of potentially harmful substances? L

### Guidance:

- *The Organisation is aware of REACH and has undertaken an assessment to confirm if the rules are applicable to them and their operation (if applicable).*
- *If classified as a downstream user what mechanism is in place if they find they cannot use the products needed for their process as they have not been registered in the EU?(if applicable)*
- *Has the facility confirmed if they have a designated status under the REACH regulations?(if applicable)*
- *Has the Organisation identified any substances used that may fall within the scope of the COSHH Regulations?*
- *If the Organisation holds Material Safety Data sheets for all substances used.*
- *That the Organisation has undertaken formal COSHH assessments based upon the Material Safety Data Sheets (Auditor to look at the Organisation's head office and determine how this is discharged to project work.)*

## 2.7 (LC.14.1) How does the Organisation meet occupational health surveillance requirements? L

### Guidance:

- Are long-term health issues risk assessed? (LC.14)
- Who has been involved in setting up the occupational health process (employees, specialist advice, Unions or representatives)
- How are the potential hazards identified?
- What control options are considered to bring the risks down to as low as is reasonably practicable?
- Do employees have pre-employment medicals before they start working for the Organisation?
- If personnel changes roles are their occupational health requirements assessed prior to starting?
- Does the Organisation undertake a programme of routine health surveillance?
- What processes are in place to ensure that control measures remain appropriate to individual's condition/ requirements
- Is occupational health surveillance/ advice undertaken in-house or by a specialist provider?
- Are occupational health personnel on-site or are they remote?
- Is there statutory/client requirement for regular surveillance?
- How are results fed back to the Organisation?
- How often is the occupational health process reviewed? Is this review recorded?
- How does the Organisation manage their subcontractors in this area, if applicable?

### Occupational Health Records

- Where does the Organisation store its OH information on employees?
- Do employees have the opportunity to review the Records kept regarding them if requested?
- Does the Organisation have a policy for how long records must be retained? Does this comply with COSHH requirements for the retention of heavy metals, asbestos, compressed air, ionising radiation etc. - minimum 40 years)

## 2.8 (LC.16.1) What arrangements does the Organisation have in place to ensure that it has adequate first aid cover? L

### Guidance:

- An assessment has been undertaken to identify first aid requirements based on work activity.
- If first aid cover is provided by the Principal Contractor, how are these arrangements confirmed?
- The number of workers engaged by the Organisation.
- Does the Organisation provide first aid to self-employed workers?
- The number of First Aid at Work trained personnel (3-day certificated course/ 2-Day requalification/ 1-day EFAW Course).
- The number of Appointed Persons

## 2.9 (LC.13.1) How does the Organisation ensure that personnel recruited are entitled to work in the United Kingdom? L

### Guidance:

- Has the Organisation identified any foreign workers and their nationalities
- That the Organisation has documented controls to demonstrate compliance with Sections 15 to 25 of the Immigration, Asylum & Nationality Act 2006.
- That controls are applicable to all potential or current employees.
- Evidence that documents used to verify right to work are compliant with the Home Office Guidance "Comprehensive Guidance for Employers on Preventing Illegal Working".
- Confirmation that copies of all documents verified are retained for at least 2 years after the individual has left the employer.
- How does the Organisation assure itself that all agency, self-employed, subcontracted personnel are eligible to work in the UK
- That the Organisation has a mechanism for periodic review of right to work of all workers including agency temporary and seasonal employees (if applicable).

### 3. Quality Management Controls

#### 3.1 (QM.1.3) How does the Organisation identify and ensure that its product/service will meet?

##### a) Specification

##### b) Client's Requirements and Expectations?

###### Guidance:

- *Is product standard or bespoke including input and output requirements?*
- *Are products supplied in line with recognised standards (national/ international/product)?*
- *What is the process of specification review?*
- *What are the materials specifications?*
- *Is there a process for clarifying, verifying and validating the client's expectations?*
- *What are the testing specifications required by the client?*
- *How are lead-in times communicated with the Client?*
- *If the Client's delivery dates cannot be met, how is this controlled?*
- *How are specified requirements and compliance issues communicated to the client? Are there work instructions, process maps and documentation available to achieve the specified requirements? ( e.g. Ongoing metrics & control charts, Standard Operating Procedures, Process Control Plans)*
- *How are work instructions, process maps and documentation communicated to the workforce?*
- *Has the organisation measured the capability of its processes to achieve desired product requirements?*
- *Has the organisation measured and evaluated the quality of its products during pilot test trials?*
- *Can the organisation demonstrate that the achievement of production objectives has met the satisfaction of customer and other interested parties prior to full scale production?*
- *Are there recorded acceptance criteria available for each product to ensure conformance to the finished specification?*
- *What Warranty mechanism is in place within the product range of the Organisation?*
- *Are two-way communications established at appropriate levels in both organisations to facilitate the rapid solution of problems, and to avoid costly delays or disputes?*

#### 3.2 (QM.7.2) How does the Organisation ensure the integrity of the information it possesses?

###### Guidance:

- *How does the Organisation invest in software that allows it meet its requirements efficiently?*
- *Does the Organisation use PAS BS 1192 to establish:*
  1. *Does the organisation have a robust checking and validation procedure for all design information prior to issue?*
  2. *a methodology for managing the production, distribution and quality of construction information, including that generated by CAD systems,*
  3. *using a disciplined process for collaboration and a specified naming policy*
- *Does the Organisation use methodologies such as Total Quality Management, Lean Principles and standards such as PAS BS 1192 and other standards for managing the production, distribution and quality of construction information, including that generated by CAD/CAM systems(including MRP and MRPII where appropriate and defined data analysis methods such as "SPC, Lean Measures (Process, lead time or takt time), Histogram, Pareto Analysis, Sampling, FMEA, Data Collection Plan, testing of CNC equipment, etc.)*
- *Are there records of training detailing the knowledge, skills and abilities of the workforce to meet specified customer requirements and expectations?*
- *Are there work instructions, process maps and documentation available to achieve the specified requirements? ( e.g. Ongoing metrics & control charts, Standard Operating Procedures, Process Control Plans)*
- *How are work instructions, process maps and documentation communicated to the workforce?*
- *Has the organisation measured the capability of its processes to achieve desired product requirements?*
- *Has the organisation measured and evaluated the quality of its products during pilot test trials?*
- *Can the organisation demonstrate that the achievement of production objectives has met the satisfaction of customer and other interested parties prior to full scale production?*

### 3.3 (QM.2.3) How does the Organisation control non-conforming products/ services, including complaints?

**Guidance:**

- *Is there control of activities within the organisation's production process?*
- *How has the Organisation identified activities that will require verification and validation of specifications including product, process, materials, testing and qualification tests including user and consumer information?*
- *Are verification and validation processes used for high value and safety critical products?*
- *How does the organisation analyse their processes including cycle time and dependability? (Defined data analysis methods such as "SPC, Process, lead time or takt time, Histogram, Pareto Analysis, Sampling, Visual QC, FMEA, Data Collection Plan, etc.")*
- *Does the Organisation have a process to identify non-conforming product within the input and output requirements such as resources and specifications?*
- *Is there a process for corrective and preventive actions?*
- *How does the Organisation come to an acceptable sampling ratio?*
- *How are verification and validation processes used to identify deficiencies in the products will be apparent only in use, which processes cannot be repeated and where verification of the product is not possible?*
- *How does the Organisation record the verification process*
- *How does the Organisation communicate these requirements to personnel*
- *How does ensure only competent personnel undertake the verification process*
- *Are any of these processes undertaken by the third party*
- *How are the results of the processes communicated to the client or other affected parties*
- *Is there a process for investigating the root causes of product non-compliance?*
- *Does the facility retain any records or samples of batches produced as part of its internal Quality Control (QC) / customer specification process?*
- *How long are samples retained?*
- *Has the organisation developed a process to undertake a product recall, should it be found to be defective?*
- *Is there a complaints procedure and records maintained?*

### 3.4 (QM.3.1) Does the Organisation have a product recall process

**Guidance:**

- *Has the Organisation developed a process to undertake a product recall, should it be found to be defective?*
- *Has the process been initiated in the last five years*
- *Does the Organisation undertake desk-top exercises to test the process' effectiveness?*

### 3.5 (QM.10.1) How does the Organisation control the delivery process? L

**Guidance:**

- *How are quantities to be delivered verified?*
- *How does the organisation manage the delivery of materials to sites?*
- *How does the Organisation ensure drivers comply with driving time regulations?*
- *How does the Organisation assure itself that all vehicles (owned and contracted) are well maintained?*
- *Are trackers fitted to the vehicles*
- *How are delivery requirements communicated to the drivers?*
- *How are delivery tickets returned to the Organisation as proof of delivery/ acceptance by the Client?*

### 3.6 (QM.15.1) How does the organisation manage its production facilities? L

The Auditor should establish the following:

- *Are their welfare facilities including hygiene for the workforce working within production plant?*
- *Has the production facility have adequate heating, humidity, light, airflow, including facilities for hygiene?*
- *How does the Organisation ensure the manufacturing areas remain free of pests?*
- *Does the Organisation have a process to identify each item of plant or machinery?*
- *Is the plant and equipment capable of attaining specified requirements and objectives?*
- *Are the plant and equipment's cycle times, throughput and dependability measureable?*
- *Are there safety rules and guidance, including the use of protective equipment and PPE?*
- *Are the production equipment ergonomically designed to minimise injury?*
- *Does the Organisation have processes in place to identify and deliver statutory and other inspections/ service maintenance?*
- *Has the production facility have procedures or processes for controlling its cleanliness, noise, vibration and pollution?*
- *If the Organisation uses equipment from a third party, how does it assure itself that the equipment is fit for purpose?*
- *How are calibration requirements controlled? (if applicable)*
- *Has the production facility have procedures for preventive and predictive maintenance?*
- *Does the organisation measure the "Overall Equipment Effectiveness" including collating data for "Mean Time Between Failures"?*
- *The competence requirements for internal staff involved in maintenance, inspections and servicing of equipment.*
- *That maintenance work plans are signed by a competent person.*
- *What are the Organisation's arrangements to ensure that all plant, small hand tools and equipment are approved prior to use?*
- *Lifting and its ancillary (chains/ slings/ strops) equipment are used, does the Organisation possess processes to ensure they remain safe (if applicable)?*

## 4. Product and Raw Materials Management

### 4.1 (QM.17.1) How does the organisation manage its materials prior to production?

The Auditor should establish the following:

- Are the suppliers aware of relevant statutory and regulatory requirements?
- Are products delivered within schedule, support capability and history of performance to requirements?
- Are there safety stock levels? (if “just in time or pull systems” are used)
- Is there a supply chain risk? (Suppliers, Demand and Environmental)
- If the organisation store materials, how are they issued prior to production?
- How is the process of inventory/stock control documented?
- How are destruction dates for obsolete or out of date materials displayed on the products & or packaging?
- How is any material destroyed whilst on site documented?

### 4.2 (PRM.1.1) How does the Organisation control the handling of raw materials?

Guidance:

- How do raw materials enter the facility? e.g. road, rail
- What is the process for deliveries to be recorded and accepted?
- How are quantities verified? e.g. weighing/ visual checks/ samples taken for testing
- How are the materials handled, (hand/ mechanical) are there potential issues of contamination?
- If some elements of the process arrive in a pre-assembled form what checks are undertaken?

### 4.3 (PRM.2.1) How does the Organisation store materials and product to avoid damage or loss?

Guidance:

- Are there any special requirements (e.g. licences, inspections) required to store materials or finished product?
- How are materials stored on site? Describe the location, type, local or remote. (e.g. racks, pallets, shrink wrapped etc.)
- Is a stock rotation methodology utilised?
- How are orders dealt with internally?
- How are combustible/ toxic materials stored
- Does the material require cover from inclement weather or specialised storage e.g. specific temperature (Minimum or Maximum) or humidity?
- Are stages of the production process physically separated (materials, part-built, complete, rejected)

### 4.4 (PRM.3.1) How does the Organisation ensure that product is stable in foreseeable conditions?

Guidance:

- Are new products subject to any stability studies prior to being launched & post launch?
- How is the stability data integrated into the shelf life estimates assigned to the product?
- Are additives used in any part of the production process?
- If dust is produced as a result of the production/manufacturing process what is the frequency of air sampling?
- How is stability data provided to the client organisation?

#### **4.5 (PRM.4.1) Does the Organisation use packaging within their product range?**

**Guidance:**

- *Does the organisation manufacture the packaging or outsource this activity?*
- *Does the Organisation monitor the amount of its packaging that can be recycled?*
- *What controls are in place to ensure that packaging meets specified requirements?*

#### **4.6 (PRM.5.1) How does the Organisation ensure the integrity of the packaging process?**

**Guidance:**

- *What is the process for the cleaning/ maintenance of packaging equipment*
- *Does the packaging provide a true status of the goods at all stages?*
- *How are quantities verified?*

## 5. Training and Competence

### 5.1 (TC.2.2) How does the Organisation control its recruitment process? L

**Guidance:**

- How does the Organisation maintain the correct mix of experience/ competence to deliver workload?
- How does the Organisation identify and recruit competent personnel?
- How are security/ police/ *Disclosure & Barring Services (DBS)* checking requirements are fulfilled?
- What are the Organisation's arrangements for ensuring that existing competency documents or licences are checked/ validated?
- A process is in place to ensure the verification of accreditation and certification through the appropriate bodies. (CSCS, PASMA, CITB, RICS, RIBA, CSCS for architect, licences for plant and equipment etc.)
- What is the Organisation's policy and arrangements for the induction of employees (this should include employees, contracted personnel and visitors)?
- How are site inductions controlled?
- Certificates of competence for each person signed by the person defined in the competence management system (where applicable).

### 5.2 (TC.1.1) How does the Organisation control competency management? L CDM

**Guidance:**

- How does the Organisation identify competence requirements for a particular activity?
- How does the Organisation identify client-specific requirements?
- How does the Organisation record that personnel meet the identified competence requirements (matrix, database, hard-copy files etc.)
- How does the Organisation control the expiry of certification?
- How are the competence requirements of non-directly employed personnel maintained and controlled?
- Are periodic performance reviews/ appraisals undertaken?
- How is Continuous Professional Development undertaken?
- Does the Organisation have succession management plans?
- Are Permanent and Temporary Works Design requirements identified?

### 5.3 (TC.6.1) How does the Organisation demonstrate that training and development is properly undertaken?

**Guidance:**

- Whether the assessor is internal or external.
- If reliant on an external party, how does this function work?
- If training is in-house, how are the trainers deemed competent?
- What methods of assessment are undertaken to verify competence?
- That competent assessors have as a minimum:
  - (i) Sufficient expertise in the work being performed to enable the auditor to establish whether or not the candidate carrying it out has met the relevant competency standard;
  - (ii) Evidence of the competence as an assessor of that work, applying the assessment systems required by the candidate's employer, and/or;
  - (iii) Approval by national accredited bodies

Use of Internal Assessors (if applicable)

- A list/register of internal qualified assessors. (if applicable)
  - A list of persons who are authorised to verify auditors. (if applicable)
- Verification checks undertaken by the Organisation on auditors/trainers & applicable courses.



#### 5.4 (TC.4.1) How does the Organisation ensure that they have adequate HSEQ and Employment support? L

**Guidance:**

- *Technical support personnel have experience in the relevant sector*
- *Technical support personnel are suitably qualified?*
- *That the competent personnel are members of an appropriate professional institution:*
  - a) *Health & Safety - Institution of Occupational Safety and Health - IOSH; International Institute of Risk & Safety Management – IIRSM.*
  - b) *Quality – International Register of Certified Auditors, IRCA, Chartered Quality Institute - CQI,*
  - c) *Environmental –Institute of Environmental Management & Assessment - IEMA.*
  - d) *Human Resources - Employment - The Chartered Institute of Personnel and Development (CIPD)*

## 6. Social & Ethical Behaviour

### 6.1 (SE.1.1) Does the Organisation actively engage with the local communities in which it operates?

**Guidance:**

- *Is there a recorded preference to local sourcing, wherever possible?*
- *When does engagement begin with the local community?*
- *What activities are undertaken to ensure good communication with affected/ interested parties to minimise complaints/ disruption*
- *How are complaints from the community handled*
- *Are methodologies developed to minimise their impact upon the local community*
- *Auditor to verify and record what programmes or policies the Organisation has in place to promote good community relations. Examples might include volunteering programmes, apprenticeship openings and use of local labour*
- *Does the Organisation have processes in place to provide stakeholder engagement (offer of resources/ personnel for meetings, information provided in easy-to-understand précis etc.)*
- *Are the proposed methodologies reviewed to minimise noise, vibration, reduction in air quality, light pollution*
- *Does the logistical management plan take into account local sensibilities (reduction in local transport links, access for emergency services, schools and other facilities, religious holidays etc.?)*
- *Does the Organisation undertake any sponsorship or charitable work?*

### 6.2 (SE.2.1) How does the Organisation demonstrate equality and diversity within the workplace? L

**Guidance:**

- *How does the Organisation's processes and controls ensure equality within the workplace.*
- *Does the Organisation have mechanisms in place to demonstrate compliance with The Equality Act 2010? (formerly the: The Sex Discrimination Act 1975, Equal Pay Act 1970, Disability Discrimination Act 1995, Employment Equality (Religion or Belief) Regulations 2003, Employment Equality (Sexual Orientation) Regulations 2003, Employment Equality Act (Age) 2006, Race Relations Act 1976, Race Relations (Amendment) Act 2000 or regional equivalents)*
- *The Organisation is regularly reviewing the effectiveness of the processes*
- *Does the Organisation require its supply chain to demonstrate evidence of their equality policies and practices?*
- *Does the Organisation operate an apprenticeship/ graduate programme?*

### 6.3 (SE.3.1) How does the Organisation ensure the ethical treatment of its personnel? L

**Guidance:**

- *How does the Organisation ensure that they pay at least the legal minimum wage*
- *Does the Organisation recognise the London Living Wage?*
- *How are working hours monitored? (in compliance with Working Time Regulations 1998, Opt out option)*
- *Are pension, holidays and other benefits offered to personnel?*
- *Are personnel free to join a trade union if they wish?*
- *Are there anti-bullying processes in place?*
- *What controls are in place to ensure that any recruitment direct from their country of origin does not infringe ethical issues (if applicable)*
- *Auditor to examine the processes in place to ensure that the workers are employed of their own free will.*

## 6.4 (SE.6.1) How does the Organisation organise its employment contracts? L

### Guidance:

- *What type(s) of arrangements does the organisation use to define its relationship with people who undertake work for it?*
  - Full employment contracts
  - Time-limited/seasonal contracts
  - Zero-hour contracts
  - Working with self-employed individuals
  - Subcontracting out activities

## 6.5 (SE.4.1) How does the Organisation minimise the likelihood of bribery, corruption, fraud, malpractice and anti-competitive behaviour? L

### Guidance:

- *What processes the Organisation has for the control of bribery, anti-competitive, fraud and malpractice.*
- *Has the Organisation reviewed its processes against the requirements of the Bribery Act 2010?*
- *Does the Organisation conduct anti-bribery and corruption risk assessments and/or due diligence? If so, please provide full details of the procedure that is followed.*
- *What training does the Organisation provide to:*
  - (i) *employees and*
  - (ii) *any third parties performing services on behalf of the Organisation (for instance consultant, agents and subcontractors) in relation to the prevention of:*
    - a. *bribery or corruption (including facilitation payments)*
    - b. *fraud or*
    - c. *anti-competitive behaviour?*
- *How are potential acts of bribery, corruption or anti-competitive behaviour reported and investigated within the Organisation?*
- *Do Organisation policies prohibit the use of "blacklists" in the selection of potential personnel?*
- *What controls do the Organisation have for the receipt of gifts/ hospitality*
- *Does the Organisation have a designated person to contact if there are suspicions of bribery or corruption, fraud and malpractice*
- *Does your organisation have a 'Whistle-Blowing' policy to encourage employees and officers to report suspected illegal behaviour and does it offer protection to individuals who come forward?*
- *What arrangements are in place to detect and avoid fraud, bribery and anti-competitive behaviour?*
- *What internal checking process is in place to ensure that all tenders/ work packages are tendered competitively*
- *Has the Organisation been barred from tendering for contracts within the last five years, as a result of involvement in bribery or corruption?*

## 6.6 (SE.4.3) Does the Organisation prepare and publish an annual Slavery and human trafficking statement in accordance with the Modern Slavery Act? L

### Guidance:

- The statement should define;
  - a) The steps the organisation has taken during the financial year to ensure that slavery and human trafficking is not taking place;
    - i. in any of its supply chains, and
    - ii. in any part of its own business
  - or
  - b) Be a statement that the organisation has taken no such steps.

*Where a statement has been prepared;*

- Typical information *that may be included*:
  - a) organisation's structure, its business and its supply chains.
  - b) the organisation's policies in relation to slavery and human trafficking.
  - c) the organisations due diligence processes in relation to slavery and human trafficking in its business and supply chains.
  - d) The parts of its business and supply chains where there is a risk of slavery and human trafficking taking place and the steps that it has taken to assess and manage the risk.
  - e) Its effectiveness in ensuring that slavery and human trafficking is not taking place in its business or supply chains, measured against such performance indicators as it considers appropriate.
  - f) The training about slavery and human trafficking that is available to its staff.
- Statement approval:
  - a) By the Board of Directors or equivalent management body (for corporate bodies other than a Limited Liability Partnership LLP) and signed by a director (or equivalent).
  - b) For LLP's; must be approved by the members and signed by a designated member.
  - c) For limited partnerships registered under the Limited Partnerships Act 1907, must be signed by a general partner.
  - d) If the organisation is any other kind of partnership; must be signed by a partner.
- Is the statement published or made available to those who may wish to see it? Either by;
  - a) The organisations website (either front page or hyperlink on front page to the statement).

If the organisation does not have a website, it must provide a copy of the slavery and human trafficking statement to anyone who makes a written request for one, and must do so before the end of the period of 30 days beginning with the day on which the request is received.

## 7. Sustainability

### 7.1 (SCM.3.1) How does the Organisation support the economic sustainability of the project partners?

Guidance:

- *Does the Organisation have a prompt payment policy?*
- *Do the payment terms vary between suppliers, if so, what are the criteria for the differences*
- *Has the Organisation signed up to the Fair Payment Charter*
- *Does the Organisation have a dispute resolution process?*
- *Are dispute resolution processes used only as a last resort – establish the evidence of formal/ informal lines of communication*
- *Are these mechanisms reactive or pro-active*
- *Are dispute resolution processes discussed during engagement*
- *Are they written into the contracts*
- *If they have been employed has a review been undertaken to assess its effectiveness*
- *Are independent arbitrators available should the need arise*
- *Does the Organisation develop strategic partnerships with key clients/ supply chain members*

### 7.2 (Sus.2.1) How does the Organisation support the reduction in the use of Carbon and energy?

Guidance:

- *Does the Organisation review its potential reductions of embodied CO<sub>2</sub> and increase recycled content of materials used on its associated projects?*
- *Can the Organisation demonstrate targets to decrease its carbon footprint*
- *Has the Organisation assessed the environmental impacts of its fleet*
- *Can the Organisation demonstrate any evidence of environmental considerations being undertaken in the vehicle selection decision-making process?*
- *Has the Organisation reviewed the relative merits of alternative fuels (LPG, bio fuels etc.)*
- *Any evidence of car-share schemes or pool cars amongst employees?*
- *Does the Organisation have schemes to promote the use of public transport?*
- *Does the Organisation monitor and actively avoid carbon-intensive forms of travel (flying)*
- *Does the Organisation use technology to reduce the need for face-to-face meetings.*

Design

- *If the Organisation designs, does it try to minimise materials with high-embodied energy e.g. Aluminium, Steel, Concrete. The auditor should note evidence if there are programmes in place to reduce these types of materials in design*

### 7.3 (Sus.3.1) How does the Organisation support the reduction in the use of materials and resources?

Guidance:

- *Is there evidence that the principle of local supply is employed?*
- *Are attempts made to source local alternatives where the client specifies goods from distant locations*
- *What information is provided to designers to ensure that materials can be sustainably sourced?*
- *Does the Organisation have a requirement to minimise the amount of packaging used?*
- *Does the design process for allow the procurement of sustainably-sourced timber.*
- *Is the Organisation aware of the Sustainable Timber Procurement Requirements (FSC, PEFC etc.)?*
- *Does the Organisation have access to BES6001 and have they incorporated its principles into their component selection?*
- *How are waste streams identified and minimised? How does the Organisation attempt to maximise the recycled/ re-used content of the materials it is suggesting at the end of life stage of their activities ?*

#### **7.4 (Sus.4.1) How does the Organisation support the reduction in the use of water?**

**Guidance:**

- *How does the Organisation minimise the project's impact upon local watercourses*
- *How does the Organisation identify and control the impact upon groundwater flows*
- *How does the Organisation consider the opportunity to reduce the volume of potable water required for their activities?*
- *Are landscape irrigation systems reviewed to minimise potable water usage?*
- *How is the impact upon water run-off reviewed and minimising the area of impermeable surfaces?*

#### **7.5 (Sus.8.5) How does the Organisation support best practice relating to sustainability?**

**Guidance:**

Can the Organisation demonstrate that it is challenging existing practice to improve some or all of the following areas:

- *How does the Organisation promote the protection of existing habitat and species? (If applicable)*
  1. *Identification of species or habitats that may be affected by the works*
  2. *Review of activities to minimise of the use of space required for the works*
  3. *Use of technology to reduce noise/ light/ dust levels on surrounding areas*
  4. *Use of existing brownfield sites for the housing of spoil/ topsoil*
  5. *How does the Organisation remain up to date with the latest developments/ technologies available*
- *What process is in place to assist with the compliance of the Energy Efficiency Scheme (CRC) Requirements?*

## 8. Supply Chain Management

### 8.1 (SCM.5.3) What criteria does the Organisation apply to: L

a) Assist it with the sustainable sourcing of products/ services

b) Ensure transparency of the selection process?

#### Guidance:

##### Selection Process:

- Does the Organisation have documented process(es) that cover:
  1. Contracted Works
  2. Estimating and bid delivery
- Does the Organisation maintain an approved supply chain register?
- How does the Organisation select criteria for the assessment of its supply chain?
- Are standard criteria used for all orders?
- Are criteria not based on cost alone?
- How does the Organisation identify its test and commissioning requirements and the supplier's ability to deliver? (If applicable)
- How are these selection criteria communicated to the supply chain?
- How does the Organisation assess the historical environmental competence of its suppliers/subcontractors?
- Have Commercial staff/ buyers been trained to deliver the process?
- Are standard forms of contract used?

##### Ethical Trading Issues:

- Does the Organisation conduct anti-bribery and corruption risk assessments and/or due diligence?
- Does the Organisation use ethical supply chains (if applicable)
- Does the Organisation participate in 1<sup>st</sup>, 2<sup>nd</sup>, 3<sup>rd</sup> party ethical audit?
- How does the Organisation assure itself that child labour is not utilised?
- How does the Organisation assure itself that its supply chain pay a living to its personnel?
- Are the supply chain required to provide evidence of working hours monitoring the supply chain?
- Does the supply chain handle timber from legal and sustainable sources? Can they demonstrate full chain of custody?
- Are suppliers required to publish Corporate Social Responsibility and Environmental Policies?

### 8.2 (SCM.11.2) What criteria do the Organisation stipulate for the sourcing of product? L

#### Guidance:

- Does the Organisation have a written procedure for the procurement of materials?
- Does the Organisation conduct anti-bribery and corruption risk assessments and/or due diligence?
- Does the supply chain handle timber from legal and sustainable sources? Can they demonstrate full chain of custody?
- Does the Organisation require assurance that products are tested to meet European/British standards?
- Does the Organisation actively influence decision-makers to avoid specifying materials that can be sourced from oppressive regimes

### 8.3 (SCM.1.6) How does the Organisation ensure effective supply chain management? L CDM

**Guidance:**

- *Does the Organisation maintain an approved supply chain register?*
- *How does the Organisation assess the historical competence of its supply chain and their ability to meet designated functions under EU, UK Legislation and product standards including test records or certificates of conformity?*
- *Has the Organisation identified the relevant licences and trade associations that supply chains should be members of dependent upon the scope of service offered?*
- *Does the Organisation's supply chain register identify any licences or trade association memberships held by their supply chains?*
- *Does the Organisation have a requirement for the suppliers to adopt collaborative behaviours?*
- *Does the Organisation undertake reviews of supply chain performance including 2<sup>nd</sup> party audits and how are the results of these reviews recorded, analysed and communicated?*
- *Has the Organisation identified the minimum levels of insurance applicable and required to be held by its supply chain?*

### 8.4 (SCM.4.1) How does the Organisation assess and the performance of its supply chain? L CDM

**Guidance:**

- *How the Organisation reviews its supply chain Health & Safety, Quality and Environmental controls.*
- *Does the Organisation undertake post contract reviews of supply chain performance and how are the results of these reviews communicated.*
- *How is past performance analysed to ensure that the supply chain will deliver the expected services to programme, to budget and to regulatory requirements*
- *Checks on Prosecutions/ Notices from statutory authorities*
- *Can the Organisation demonstrate whether the Organisation gives preference to suppliers with enhanced HSEQ performance? (provide examples)*
- *Does the Organisation measure satisfaction, price and service consistency?*
- *Does the Organisation undertake post contract reviews of supply chain partner performance?*
- *Checks on accident and incident frequency rates as compared to the construction industry rates (if applicable).*
- *Auditor to assess the RIDDOR reporting mechanism of the supply chain to see if it is effective (if applicable).*



## 9. Emergency Preparedness and Site Security

### 9.1 (EP.1.1) How does the Organisation plan to minimise the impact of an accident/ incident/ unplanned event? L

#### Guidance:

- Has the Organisation developed:
  - a) **An accident/ incident response and reporting process**  
*Auditor Note: Establishment of a safe situation, a command and control structure, Communications person appointed to deal with media (where applicable), a communication structure including liaison with Client/Principal Contractor, Reporting to the HSE process, Liaison with enforcement authorities, Process for preservation of evidence*
  - b) **An accident/ incident investigation process**  
*Auditor Note: This should include: competent people are undertaking the investigation; all operatives are aware of the investigative process; a mechanism for feeding into the Clients formal enquiry process; that arrangements are in place to assist and provide records to enforcement agencies (Police, Environment Agency, HSE)*
  - c) **Business continuity plan (Ref ISO 22301)**  
*Auditor Note: This should include loss of personnel, IT, sites, data loss, phased recovery plan, communication plan, command structure*
- Does the organisation have emergency evacuation plans in place for all permanent and temporary (if applicable) sites?
- The Organisation has communicated the accident reporting process to its workforce and, where applicable, contracted personnel.
- That the Organisation has a requirement for testing the emergency processes
- If working under a Principal Contractor's emergency arrangements, what is the process for review and communication to personnel.

### 9.2 (EP.2.1) What mechanisms and processes are in place to mitigate accidents/ incidents/ unplanned events? L

#### Guidance:

- Is training provided to personnel to minimise the impact of an accident/ incident?
- Are accident/ incident/ business continuity plans tested and performance reviewed either under test or real conditions?
- Does the Organisation have to work to specific legal requirements in the event of a site evacuation?
- If the site is evacuated does it have any impact on third parties if so how is this managed?
- Has there been a review of other emergency situations (e.g. terrorism etc.)

### 9.3 (EP.3.1) What process does the Organisation use to evaluate the effectiveness of their fire mitigation measures? L

#### Guidance:

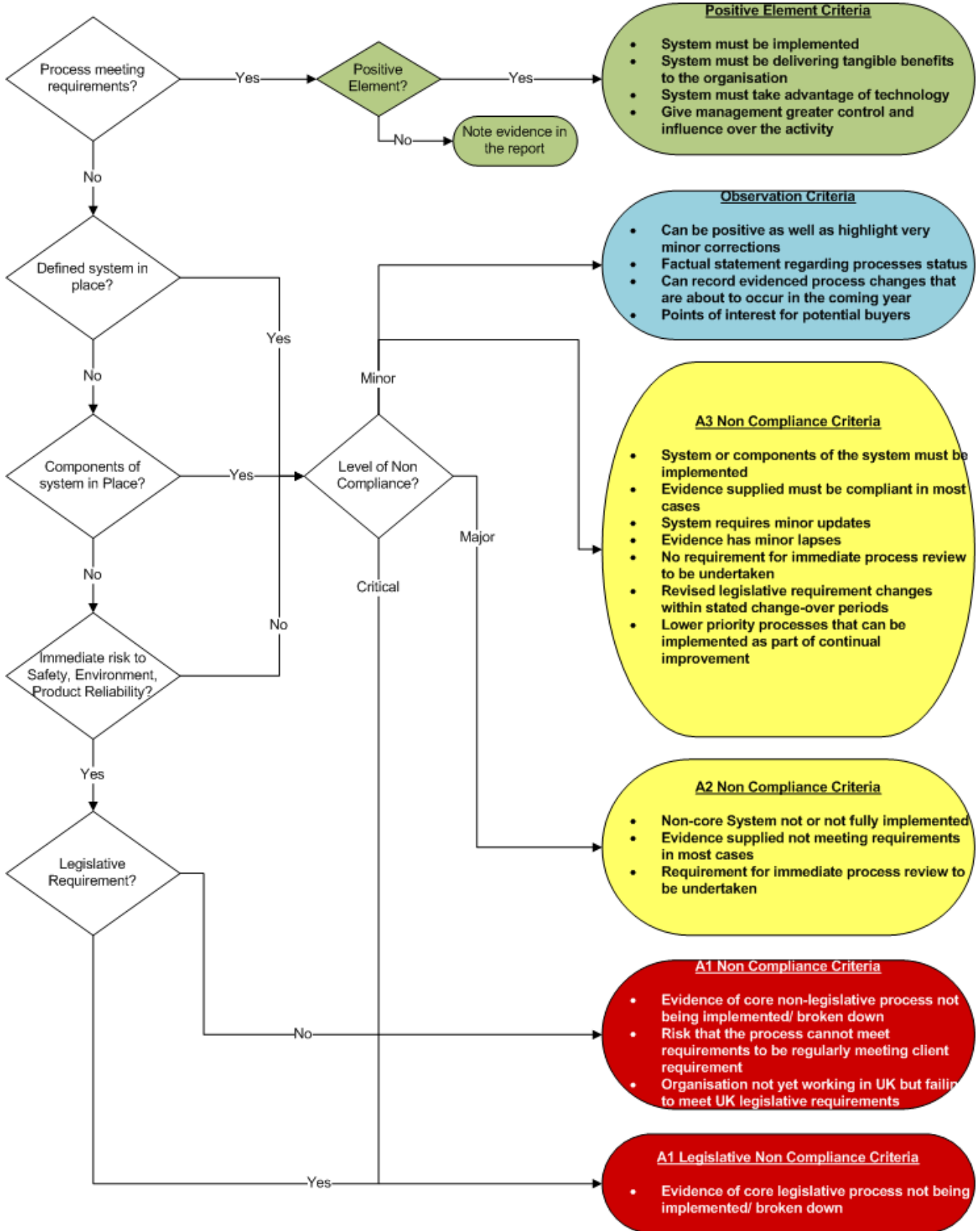
- Are fire risk assessments checked for suitability?
- Are drills subject to regular testing?
- Are personnel trained in basic firefighting practice?
- Is fire-fighting equipment supplied (if applicable)?

#### **9.4 (EP.4.1) What controls does the Organisation use to maintain the security of their permanent and temporary (if applicable) sites? L**

**Guidance:**

- *Are site (permanent or temporary) security arrangements risk assessed?*
- *Is security present and, if so, is it 24/7?*
- *Is CCTV implemented?*
- *How is security personnel distinguished from other site personnel? e.g. uniform/ different coloured hard hats.*
- *Do security guards utilise guard dogs?*
- *Are SIA (Private Security Organisation Licensing) controls in place?*
- *Do security guards have the right to withhold intruders until detainment via the appropriate authorities or are they engaged just to notify the relevant authorities?*
- *Are visitors differentiated from other site personnel?*
- *Are security records maintained in a digital format and stored for a specified period*
- *What happens to the recordings including the integrity of the storage process*

## Appendix A. Categorisation of Findings



## Appendix B. Reference Legislation, Regulations and Best Practice Guidance

NB - The lists are not exhaustive as particular legislation/ guidance may be inferred and relevant to particular organisations but not referenced here

### LEGISLATION (AMENDMENTS NOT LISTED)

1. Health & Safety at Work Act etc. 1974
2. Environmental Protection Act 1990
3. Immigration, Asylum & Nationality Act 2006
4. Bribery Act 2010
5. Equality Act 2010
6. Enterprise Act 2002
7. Carbon Reduction Commitment 2009
8. Integrated Pollution Prevention and Control Directive (IPPC) 2008
9. Corporate Manslaughter and Corporate Homicide Act 2007
10. Employment Relations Act 1999
11. Pollution Prevention Control Act 1999
12. Modern Slavery Act 2015

REGULATIONS (AMENDMENTS NOT LISTED) (ENGLISH/UK REGULATION DATES)

1. Construction (Design and Management) Regulations 2015
2. Protective Equipment at Work Regulations 1992
3. Working Time Regulations 1998
4. First Aid at Work Regulations 1981
5. Reporting of Injuries, Diseases, Dangerous Occurrences Regulations 1995 (2013)
6. Control of Vibration at Work Regulations 2005
7. Control of Substances Hazardous to Health 2002
8. Environmental (Duty of Care) Regulations 1991
9. The List of Wastes Regulations 2005
10. Provision and Use of Work Equipment Regulation 1998
11. Lifting and Other Lifting Equipment Regulations 1998
12. Town and Country Planning (Environmental Impact Assessment) Regulations 1999
13. Environmental Noise Regulations 2010
14. Noise at Work Regulations 2005
15. Hazardous Waste Regulations 2005
16. Management of Health Safety at Work Regulations 1999
17. Work at Height Regulations 2005
18. Confined Spaces Regulations 1997
19. Producer Responsibility Obligations (Packaging Waste) Regulations 2007
20. The Safety Representatives and Safety Committees Regulations 1977
21. National Minimum Wage Regulations 2015
22. Working Time Regulations 2005
23. Agency Workers Regulations 2011
24. Environmental Permitting Regulations 2010
25. Construction Products Regulations 2013
26. European Timber Regulations (EUTR) 2013

## BEST PRACTICE GUIDANCE

1. ISO 9001 (2015) – Quality Management Requirements
2. ISO 14001 (2015) – Environmental Management Systems
3. OHSAS 18001 (2007) – Occupational Health & Safety Management Systems
4. ISO 27001 (2013) – Information Security Management Systems
5. ISO 50001 (2011) – Energy Management System
6. ISO 22301 (2014) – Business Continuity Management
7. BS 11000 - Collaborative Business Relationships
8. Forest Stewardship Council (FSC) – Sustainable Timber Chain of Custody
9. FSC-STD-40-004
10. The Programme for the Endorsement of Forest Certification (PEFC) – Chain of Custody of Forest Based Products - Requirements (Annex 4)
11. Strategic Forum for Construction's Health & Safety Code
12. Constructing Excellence– Constructing Excellence Requirements (Chapters 1-6)
13. BS EN 365:2004 - Fall Arrest & Fall Prevention Equipment
14. IND 367 - Fall arrest equipment made from webbing or rope
15. HSG 65 - Guide to measuring health and safety performance
16. BS 8555 - Environmental Management – Work Book
17. Considerate Contractors Requirements
18. BRE Environmental Assessment Method - BREEAM
19. Constructing Excellence Advice
20. BES 6001 – Responsible Sourcing of Construction
21. WRAP – Procurement Requirements for reducing waste and using resources efficiently – [www.WRAP.org.uk/procurement](http://www.WRAP.org.uk/procurement)
22. Carbon Efficiency Plan guidance – [www.WRAP.org.uk/carbonefficientprocurement](http://www.WRAP.org.uk/carbonefficientprocurement)
23. Water Efficiency Plan guidance - [www.WRAP.org.uk/waterefficientprocurement](http://www.WRAP.org.uk/waterefficientprocurement)
24. Crossrail ethical trading requirements
25. Ethical Trading Initiative
26. The GLA Group - Responsible Procurement Policy
27. BS5975:2008 - Code of practice for temporary works procedures and the permissible stress design of false work
28. SIM 02/2010/04 - The management of temporary works in the construction industry

## Issue Record and Copyright

This protocol will be subject to change and updating as a result in the following areas:

- Changes in applicable statutory instruments.
- Recommendations from enforcement authorities or industry bodies focusing on either prevention of accidents or new best practice.
- Changes in the BuildingConfidence members' contractual conditions.

The document will be made available on the BuildingConfidence portal. An appropriate notification will be placed on the portal advising of any changes made to the document.

Version	Date	Author	Comments
1.1	15/10/08	W. Nelson	First version issued
2.0	31/03/11	S. Long	Protocol amended to align with other BC protocols and a rewrite of a number of sections.
2.1	N/A	N/A	Not used
2.2	14/03/12	W. Nelson	Protocol aligned and amended reflecting feedback from 2.0
2.3	15/10/13	S. Long	Changes include temporary works, employment contracts and other feedback from 2.2
2.3 Issue 1	06/01/14	R Alan	Minor formatting changes only. No change to technical content.
2.4	01/04/15	W. Nelson	Revised in line with CDM 2015
2.5	30/06/16	M. Ferris	Achilles re-branding and audit rename following transition to AP2, new question in relation to Modern Slavery Act 2015.

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